

SDS prepared by Steve Davis of Aardvark Clay & Supplies

GHS – United States

Section 1. Product and Company Identification

Product Name: Synonym:	CTG-02 A Ceramic Gl		
Supplier/ Manufacturer:	Aardvark C 1400 East I Santa Ana, 714-541-42 714-541-20 <u>contact@a</u>	Pomona St Ca. 92705 157 021	USA phone fax
<b>Emergency Phone Num</b>	ber:	911	

Product Use: Pottery Manufacturing

Restrictions on use: Not applicable

### Section 2. Hazards Identification

GHS/Hazcom	GHS/Hazcom 2012 Classifications:		
2012 Labels			
	Health:		
	CARCINOGENICITY (Inhalation) - Category 1A (quartz) (See Sectio	n 11 for carcinogen listings)	
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (Repeated Exposure) (respira	tory tract) (inhalation) - Category 1 (quartz)	
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (Repeated Exposure) (respiratory tract) (inhalation) - Category 2 (iron oxide)		
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (Single Exposure) (respirator	y tract inhalation) - Category 3 (quartz)	
	EYE IRRITANT - Category 2A (quartz)		
	SKIN IRRITANT - Category 2 (quartz)		
Signal Word:	Environmental:	Physical:	
Danger	Not Hazardous	Not Hazardous	

Hazaro	Hazard Statements:			
Health	Health:			
H320	Causes eye irritation H316 Causes mild skin irritation.			
H335	May cause respiratory irritation H350 May cause cancer.			
H372	H372 Causes damage to organs (lungs) through prolonged or repeated exposure (inhalation).			
Enviro	Environmental: Physical:		al:	
Not hazardous Not hazardous		ardous		

Precau	ution Statements:				
Prever	ntion:				
P261	Avoid breathing dust/spray.		P273	Avoid release to the environment.	
P264	Wash hands thoroughly after hand	ling.	P270	Do not eat, drink, or smoke when using this product.	
P272	Contaminated clothing should not	be allowed out of the	P202	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and	
	workplace.			understood.	
P280	Wear protective gloves/ protective	clothing/ eye protection/	P284	[In case of inadequate ventilation] wear respiratory protection.	
	face protection.				
Respo	nse:				
P314	Get medical advice/attention if you	u feel unwell.	P363	Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.	
P305+	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with w	ater for several minutes.	P301+	IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. DO NOT induce vomiting.	
P351+	Remove contact lenses if present a	nd easy to do – continue	P330+		
P338	3 rinsing.		P331		
P337+	337+ If eye irritation persists, get medical advice/attention.		P301+	IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.	
P313	3		P312		
P302+	02+ IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.		P304+	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable	
P352			P340	for breathing.	
P391	Collect Spillage.				
Storag	e:		Dispos	al:	
P402	Store in a dry place.		P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with	
P403	3 Store in a well ventilated place.			local/regional/national/international regulations.	
P404	404 Store in a closed container.				
P405	Store locked up.				
Hazard	ds not otherwise classified:	Slippery when wet.	% of in	gredients with unknown acute toxicity: None known.	



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Section 3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

Substance/Mixture:		Mixture - A trade secret claim is made for this glaze.		
Chemical		CAS Number	Ingredients	<b>Chemical % of Mixture</b>
Quartz, (Crystalline Silica)	SiO2	CAS # 14808-60-7	Feldspar, Whiting, Kaolin, Red Iron Oxide, Silica	<35
Kaolinite	Al2O3.2SiO2.2H2O	CAS # 1332-58-7	Kaolin	<20
Calcium Carbonate	CaCO3	CAS # 1317-65-3	Limestone (Whiting)	<20
Red Pigment 101	Fe2O3	CAS # 1309-37-1	Red Iron Oxide	<15

## Section 4. First-Aid Measures

Description of first-aid Measures:		
First-aid measures general	Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical attention.	
First-aid measures after inhalation	Move victim to well ventilated area. If mechanical discomfort persists, seek medical attention.	
First-aid measures after skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing. Wash affected area with soap and warm water. Obtain medical attention if irritation persists.	
First-aid measures after eye contact	Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Obtain medical attention if pain, blinking, or redness persists.	
First-aid measures after ingestion	Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Unlikely to be toxic by ingestion. If discomfort persists, seek medical attention.	
Most Important Symptoms and Effects, Both Acute and Delayed:		
Symptoms/injuries	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (inhalation).	
Symptoms/injuries after inhalation	May cause cancer by inhalation. Dust from this product may cause irritation to the respiratory tract.	
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact	Prolonged contact with large amounts of dust may cause mechanical irritation.	
Symptoms/injuries after eye contact	Prolonged contact with large amounts of dust may cause mechanical irritation.	
Symptoms/injuries after ingestion	If a large quantity has been ingested, intestinal blockage and/or gastro-intestinal irritation may result.	
Chronic symptoms	Repeated or prolonged exposure to respirable crystalline silica dust may cause lung damage in the form of silicosis. Symptoms will include progressively more difficult breathing, cough, fever, and weight loss. Acute silicosis can be fatal.	

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention.

### Section 5. Fire-Fighting Measures



National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Suitable extinguishing media	This product is not combustible. Use extinguishing media appropriate for	
	surrounding fire.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	No restrictions on extinguishing media for this mixture.	
Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture	substance or mixture This mixture is not flammable and does not support fire	
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	This mixture does not contain hazardous decomposition products.	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	Product can become slippery when wet.	
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment.	

### Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

Use of personal precautions	Avoid inhalation of dust. Wear a N-95 face mask when cleaning up dust.	
Emergency procedures	There are no emergency procedures required for this mixture.	
Methods and Materials for containment	There are no special spill measures that apply for this mixture.	
Clean up procedures	For dusts, use a vacuum to clean up spillage. If appropriate, use gentle water spray	
	to wet down and minimize dust generation. Place waste in a sealed container.	

## Section 7. Handling & Storage

Precautions for safe handling	Keep bags out of direct sunlight. Do not expose dry glaze to moisture until use.	
	Do not expose liquid glaze to freezing. Use proper lifting techniques to avoid physical injury.	
Recommendations on the	No special storage considerations, but keep in a dry, cool location.	
conditions for safe storage		



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Section 8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection			
Chemical	CAS Number	Occupational Exposure Limits	
Quartz, (Crystalline Silica)	CAS#14808-60-7	ACGIH TLV: TWA 0.025 mg/ m <sup>3</sup> (respirable)	
SiO2		OSHA PEL: TWA 10 mg/m $^{3}$ / divided by the value "%SiO2" + 2 (respirable)	
		OSHA PEL: TWA 30 mg/m <sup>3</sup> / divided by the value " $\%$ SiO2" + 2 (total dust)	
		CAL OSHA PEL: TWA .05 mg/ m <sup>3</sup> (respirable)	
		CAL OSHA PEL: TWA .3 mg/ m <sup>3</sup> (total)	
Kaolinite	CAS#1332-58-7	ACGIH TLV: TWA 2 mg/ m <sup>3</sup> (respirable) / particulate matter containing no	
Al2O3.2SiO2.2H2O		asbestos and <1% crystalline silica (respirable)	
		OSHA PEL: TWA 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable)	
		OSHA PEL: TWA 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (total)	
		CAL OSHA PEL: TWA 2 mg/ m <sup>3</sup> (respirable)	
		CAL OSHA PEL: TWA not established (total)	
Calcium Carbonate	CAS# 1317-65-3	ACGIH TLV: Not Established	
CaCO3		OSHA PEL: TWA 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable)	
		OSHA PEL: TWA 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (total)	
		CAL OSHA PEL: TWA 5 mg/ m <sup>3</sup> (respirable)	
		CAL OSHA PEL: TWA 10 mg/ m <sup>3</sup> (total)	
Red Pigment 101	CAS # 1309-37-1	ACGIH TLV: TWA 5 mg/ m <sup>3</sup> (respirable	
Fe2O3		OSHA PEL: TWA 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable)	
		OSHA PEL: TWA 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (total)	
		CAL OSHA PEL: TWA 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable)	

**Appropriate engineering controls:** When mixing dry glazes, use local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls as required to maintain exposures below applicable occupational exposure limits (TLV).

#### **Recommendations for personal protective measures**

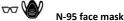
Local Exhaust: When mixing glazes, use sufficient local exhaust to reduce the level of respirable dust to the applicable standards set forth in Section III - ACGIH "Industrial Ventilation, A Manual of Recommended Practice," latest edition.

**Respiratory Protection:** Dust is generated when working with dry glaze. To minimize exposure to dust and/or crystalline silica(quartz), the mixing of dry glaze materials should be conducted with sufficient ventilation. Respirable dust and quartz levels should be monitored regularly. Dust and quartz levels in excess of appropriate exposure limits should be reduced by feasible engineering controls, including (but not limited to) wet suppression, ventilation, and process enclosure. When such controls are not feasible, NIOSH/MSHA approved respirators must be worn in accordance with a respiratory protection program which meets OSHA requirements as set forth at 29 CFR1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2-1080 - "Practices for Respiratory Protection". In most cases, a disposable N-95 Particulate Respirator is sufficient.

**Eye Protection:** Use NIOSH/OSHA approved safety glasses with side shields. Face shields can also be used when mixing dry glaze. Wear tight fitting dust goggles when excessively (visible) dusty conditions are present or are anticipated. NIOSH recommends that contact lenses not be worn when working with crystalline silica dust. **Skin Protection:** Use gloves and/or protective clothing if abrasion or allergic reactions are experienced.

Work/Hygienic Practices: Avoid creating and breathing dust. Wear NIOSH/MSHA approved dust mask when working in dust conditions - (N-95). Food, beverages, and smoking materials should NOT be in the work area. Persons using ceramic materials should wash thoroughly before eating, drinking, smoking, or applying cosmetics.

**Protective Clothing Pictograms** 



Soction	0	Dhysical 8.	Chomica	l Properties
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Section 9. Physical & Chemic		
Physical State	Powder	
Appearance	Tinted Powder	
Odor	None	
Odor Threshold	Not Applicable	
рН	6-8	
Solubility in Water	None	
Melting Point	> 1300 °C (>2380°F)	
Freezing Point	< 0 °C (<32°F)	
Specific Gravity / Relative Density	2.35 g/cc	
Evaporation Rate	No data available	
Flash Point	Not Applicable	
Auto-Ignition Temperature	Not Applicable	
Decomposition Temperature	Not Applicable	
Flammability	Not Applicable	
Vapor Pressure	Not Applicable	
Vapor Density	Not Applicable	
Explosive Limits	Not Applicable	
Viscosity	Not Applicable	
Partition Coefficient: n-octanol/water	Not Applicable	
Initial Boiling Point & Boiling Range	Not Applicable	



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# Section 10. Stability & Reactivity

Reactivity	Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions.		
Chemical stability	Stable at standard temperature and pressure. No stabilizers required to maintain chemical stability.		
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Hazardous polymerization will not occur.		
Conditions to avoid	None known		
Incompatible materials	None known		
Hazardous decomposition products	None known		

## Section 11. Toxicological Information

Routes of Exposure	Inhalation of dust, Ingestion		
Descriptions of the delayed, immediate, or chronic effects from short- and long-term exposure			
Inhalation	Inhalation of high concentrations of glaze dust may cause mechanical irritation and discomfort.		
	Long term exposure may cause chronic effects.		
Eye Contact	Not a primary eye irritant. May cause mechanical irritation.		
Skin Contact/Irritation	Not a primary skin irritant. Not absorbed through skin. May cause dry skin.		
Sensitization	Not a strong sensitizer.		
Ingestion	Not an ingestion hazard. If a large quantity has been ingested, intestinal blockage and/or		
	gastrointestinal irritation may result.		

Chronic Effects						
OSHA Carcinogen	Lung cancer – Crysta	Lung cancer – Crystaline silica has been classified by OSHA as a human lung carcinogen.				
Mutagenic Effects	None Known	None Known				
Teratogenic Effects	None Known	None Known				
Developmental Toxicity	None Known	None Known				
Effects of Silicosis			Symptoms of Silicosis			
Bronchitis/Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disorder.			Shortness of breath; possible fever.			
Tuberculosis – Silicosis makes an individual more susceptible to TB.			Fatigue; loss of appetite.			
Scleroderma – a disease affecting skin, blood vessels, joints and skeletal muscles.			Chest pain; dry, nonproductive cough.			
Possible renal disease.			Respiratory failure, which may eventually lead to death.			
Remarks						
Carcinogenicity	Repeated or long ter	Repeated or long term exposure to respirable crystalline silica dust may cause lung damage in the				
	form of silicosis. Symptoms will include progressively more difficult breathing, cough, fever			er, and		
	weight loss. Acute sil	weight loss. Acute silicosis can be fatal. Short term exposure is of little concern.				
Numerical Measures of toxicity	None Known	None Known				
	OSHA, IARC, and I	NTP Carcinoge	en Classification	5		
<b>Chemical with Carcinogen Potential</b>			CAS#	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Quartz, (Crystalline Silica)	SiO2	CAS # 1	14808-60-7	Yes	Yes - Group 1	Yes

## Section 12. Ecological Information (non-mandatory)

Ecotoxicity	None Known
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD5)	None Known
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	None Known
Products of Biodegradation	None Known
Toxicity of the products of Biodegradation	None Known
Bioaccumulation Potential	None Known
Potential to move from soil to groundwater	None Known
Other adverse effects	None Known

# 13. Disposal Considerations

Personal Protection	Refer to Section 8: "Recommendations for Personal Protective Measures" when disposing of glaze waste.		
Appropriate disposal containers	Standard waste disposal containers – no specials requirements.		
Appropriate disposal methods	Disposal of this product should comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. In most cases, this is normal waste disposal. The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized. Dispose of non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste packaging should be recycled. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains, and sewers.		
Physical and chemical properties	Glaze waste should be placed in a sealed container or in a manner that reduces or eliminates the release of		
that may affect disposal	the product. Packaging should be recycled before disposal.		
Sewage disposal	Do not dispose of into sinks or toilets. They will clog. Never dispose of this product into a sewer system.		
Special precautions for landfills	ills There are no special precautions for disposal in a landfill.		
or incineration activities	This product is non-combustible and is not suitable for incineration.		



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## Section 14. Transportation Information

Regulatory Information	UN Number	UN Proper Shipping Name	Transport Hazard Class	Packing Group Number	Bulk Transport Guidance	Special Precautions
DOT Classification	Not regulated	-	-	-	-	-
TDG Classification	Not regulated	-	-	-	-	-
ADR/RID Class	Not regulated	-	-	-	-	-
IMDG Class	Not regulated	-	-	-	-	-
IATA-DGR Class	Not regulated	-	-	-	-	-

### Section 15. Regulatory Information

TSCA – Toxic Substances Control Act - EPA	Quartz and other chemicals are listed in the TSCA Chemical Substance Inventory
California Prop. 65	WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including quartz which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information, go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.
SARA/Title III (Emergency Planning & Community	This mixture contains no substances at or above the reporting threshold under
Right-to-Know Act)	Section 313, based on available data.

#### Section 16. Other Information

#### **Definitions**

**OSHA** means Occupational Safety & Health Administration

IARC means International Agency for Research on Cancer

NTP means National Toxicology Program

CAS means Chemical Abstract Service

ACGIH means American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

CAL-OSHA means California OSHA, most CAL-OSHA standards defer to the federal OSHA standards

OSHA means Occupational Safety & Health Administration

OSHA PEL means OSHA Permissible Exposure Limit

TWA means Time Weighted Average (average exposure on the basis of an 8h/day, 40h/week work schedule)

TLV means Threshold Limit Value - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH)

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